

This is a 1983 interview with Mildred Gillars, better known as "Axis Sally," at her home in Columbus, Ohio.



I would like to ask you a few questions about your experiences in Germany and the war. What made you decide to live in Germany?

Mildred: It all started at home in Maine, then I moved around a lot and settled in Ohio. My personality was characterized by curiosity and a thirst for adventure. In the US, I felt women didn't really have a chance unless they just wanted to get married young and start a family. Women were not considered equal here and I read that it was different in Europe. After attending college here, friends told me about the many opportunities in New York. I moved there and made my living as a model and dancer.

That was my first encounter with Jews. There were large numbers of them in New York and they all worked together to make each one rich. They owned or had majority stakes in many large corporations, had a strong presence in finance, in the theater and especially in the seedy part of town. More than once I was approached and told to be immoral in order to get the good jobs; they mainly hunted down Christian women. I saw how they forced drugs, sex slaves and all kinds of crimes on the population. A Jewish street gang who called me a Christian whore as I ran away once stole my purse.

I decided to try France and learned more about the fashion industry and clothing modeling. Paris was no better than New York, but there was more order. I went back home because I missed my friends, but after a year a friend invited me to go to Algiers, which was then a French colony and not what it is today. Then fate took a turn and I had the chance to go to Germany to study art.

A friend of mine met a wealthy German and so they arranged for me to meet their friends. I was completely impressed, because Hitler had only been elected a year earlier, but people were already beaming with enthusiasm about the turning point.

The world was still in the Great Depression, but Germany was not. It had changed for the better almost overnight. I liked it so much that I decided to build a life there.

Why do you think Hitler was so good? After all, he's the most evil man in the world who killed millions of people and enslaved the Germans, right?

Mildred: Ohh, you must be smarter than that, living as slaves? They wouldn't have fought to the bitter end if that was the case. I do not know where to start. I could start by saying that a few Jews shaped our thinking in this regard. Stalin wiped out more than 30 million Europeans, but because communism was a Jewish creation, it is hushed up. Hitler only wanted Jewish power to be broken; therefore he aroused their anger. That's why they started the war.

I have never seen and will never again see a Führer who was as revered by the people as Hitler was. Germany was transformed into a country like no one had ever seen; everyone was on the same page, so to speak. It was all about helping each other. In Dresden, everyone took a weekend off in the spring to clean their quarters and help the elderly with their work.

The youth groups sang and worked constantly in the city to keep it going. No one

had to starve, the poor were well taken care of, they were asked only if they wanted to help themselves and if they didn't they were forced to leave the country or go to an institution where they could get help.

In 1934 I saw construction everywhere, the whole country was being rebuilt. As an American, I was welcomed with open arms because the Germans wanted to show the foreigners how peaceful it was, contrary to what was reported in the press around the world. The Jews were left alone, the only ones affected were the criminals. Those wrongly rewarded and monopolies created by Jewish power. Germany was on the verge of a communist revolution led by Jews and Hitler prevented and punished them for it. If they were loyal to the state, they were left alone, and most were.



During my entire time in Germany I never saw anyone mistreated and I was allowed to visit concentration camps and prison camps. The lies about the camps will one day be known. Nobody was killed in them according to a German plan. The Allies killed more prisoners in the camps than the Germans. They also kept quiet about that; they have bombed camps and killed thousands. They also prevented needed supplies from getting into the camps, leading to illness and many more deaths.

Hitler made Germany a beacon for the whole world to follow in order to achieve a better way of life. I personally believe that Germany died a horrible death, much like Christ did, to herald a new age of light and harmony for all. In time the wicked will be destroyed who have caused so much misery, hatred and death on this earth.

So it is prophesied. Nazi Germany was a foretaste of the world after the arrival of this new age.

Great! Have you ever met one of the leaders of the Third Reich?

Mildred: Yes, I've met a lot of them. I have met Goebbels many times, met the Führer and shook his hands. He's always held out with both hands, almost to say he really appreciates you. I met many Gauleiters or governors, Himmler, Julius Streicher and many others. I have nothing bad to say about any of them, they have always been perfect gentlemen and great to talk to. They were so full of energy and always wanted to know my opinion on certain topics, which is still not very common in this country.

OK. What made you work for the Germans after they declared war on us?

Mildred: You may not know it, but the US illegally aided the Allies almost from the start. In 1941, Hitler finally allowed his forces to fire back. Roosevelt made it clear that he wanted to incite Hitler and was not seeking agreement or friendship. I am always asked why Hitler started the war if he wanted peace. My answer is that things quickly got out of hand because of the Jews. Poland was attacked because England, France and America gave Poland criminal guarantees they didn't want to keep. Germany only wanted a connection with Prussia. For these demands, they were confronted with attacks on German farms and farmers by Polish nationals.

Many were murdered; I was there to document some of these attacks. The Polish

State scoffed at all attempts and even threatened to invade Germany and take Berlin.

France was attacked for having declared war first and Holland sided with the Allies and had to be neutralized to prevent an easy base for invasion.

The Balkans were in the same situation, siding with the Allies and would have been an easy base for invasion. I say this because it explains why Germany had to invade supposedly peaceful neighboring countries. I understood this and wanted to do my part to help this nation fight. When the war started, especially the propaganda war, I was asked to refute the Allies' lies. I agreed and went to work for the national broadcasting service.



I got my own radio show to tell the truth about the war to our boys who were dying because of Jew hatred. I was very successful because I spoke clearly to our people. I challenged them to reason and asked them to think about what they were fighting for. They fought to kill themselves and I tried to wake them up from this nightmare.

How was Germany during the war?

Mildred: Up until 1943 it was just like peacetime. The restaurants were bustling with activity, people were on vacation and travelling, there were plays and concerts everywhere in the cities. Nothing changed except that more soldiers were seen in field gray and the death notices were posted. Germany was a country where sports and fitness were very important, yoga and running came up in Germany. You saw people running together to move. One could leave at any hour without fear. Rationing was in place, but not yet as strict, so there was plenty to eat and drink. Life was very beautiful.

That all changed in 1943 with total war. Dr Goebbels told me that he was reluctant to do this, but that Germany was fighting for its right to exist and that everyone had to do their part. So any kind of entertainment was restricted as people had to perform their war duties first and then enjoy themselves. There was an anxious mood as the war was obviously not going well. No one hid this, the press carefully reported the truth without fomenting defeat or panic. Rationing was also tightened, so that in 1945, thanks to the Allies, there was hardly any food left.

Many civilians died in the last months of the war because they became ill and could not be cared for because roads and railways were destroyed. That was what killed the prisoners in the camps. Today these ominous images, which only show the cruelty of the Allies and not that of the Germans, are shown again and again. Most people had ways of surviving, and everyone banded together. At the end of the war there were so many foreigners in Germany, but they were welcomed and helped as much as they could. The party did a good job with what little was available.

Times were tough, but they brought out the best in the German people. In the factories there were external day-care centers for the children so that they would not be exposed to the danger of bombing.

Have you ever experienced a bomb attack?

Mildred: Yes, many times, it was awful. The Americans came by day and the British by night. I was in Berlin all year 1944, at the height of the attacks and it was hard to describe, the most modern and beautiful city in Europe was reduced to rubble. The stated goal of both Bomber Harris and our LeMay [US General] was to kill as many women and children as possible. They succeeded very well; all over Europe they have reaped a huge harvest. The history books do not mention how many civilians were killed in France, Holland, Denmark, Norway, Belgium and so on. It was hard for me to see these men in the hospitals and camps; to me they were murderers of innocents. But I had to interview her on my show and let her say hello home. I know they were just following orders, but I still thought of all the victims first. Our boys should never have been put in this situation. They killed their own people and didn't understand that.



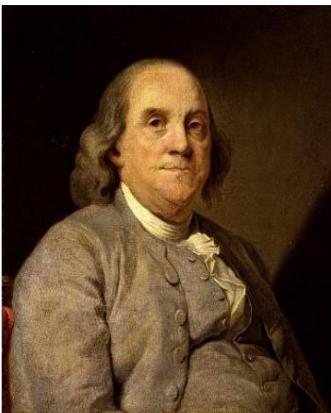
July 25, 1944: Bomb damage to the elevated railway line in Berlin-Schoeneberg. On July 19, 1944, the viaduct on Bülowstraße suffered severe distortions when an air mine exploded. The route is temporarily supported by stacks of wood and beams.

I was in the middle of one of my shows when the sirens went off, we were going on but they were close. The ceiling cracked and the paint was peeling off the walls. When the dust settled, I looked outside. It was very close, all the houses within a block were hit and on fire. From then on I went to the air raid shelters. It was very tight there because so many people had to get in. There was a smell of sweat and smoke, and when the bombs came closer, everyone huddled for protection.

When we came out, whether it was day or night, all we could smell was burning houses and the toxic fumes from the bombs. Worst of all was the phosphorus, which burned for a long time, posing problems for firefighters who risked their lives to save trapped people and buildings.

Do you feel like you are a traitor to the United States?

Mildred: No, I do not consider myself a traitor to my country. I was never a loyal citizen of the Jewish United States. I feel like this nation lost its soul when we let the Jews in at the end of the 19th century. They have waged a war against the Christian heritage and culture of this country almost from the start. Some of our great founders knew that, but you would never know that today. The Jews work very hard to change history and erase what is uncomfortable for them. This is easy to do with money, you can bribe, buy and threaten to get the desired result.



Ben Franklin is said to have given a lecture on Jewish influence, and in 1934 Jews paid other pro-Jewish men to find the diary in which the lecture was written. It was never found; as we know the Jews, they got it and destroyed it. By the year 2000 they will lead people to believe that our founders were very pro-Jewish if they weren't Jewish themselves. This is their approach. Memorize these words so that you understand them. They destroy by destroying a people's heritage and faith.

I tried to wake up my people to see that Germany was the instrument for this. The Jews brought war to end this threat to their power and I was made a traitor. So if you are a traitor, if you stand against the true enemy of your country and people, then I am. Christ will absolve me because I have done nothing wrong.

You mentioned that you had a husband who was in the Wehrmacht, is that correct?

Mildred: Yes, I met a strapping man later in life; I was almost 40. He courted me for a while and then we got engaged. Duty called him away and he was no quitter. He volunteered for Russia to fight against the communists and he died in battle. That was the saddest day of my life. Luckily I had many friends who helped me get through this; unfortunately I had to help them too when their men fell later. He died so his country could live on.

You interviewed American soldiers while they were in prison camps?

Mildred: Yes, I have, for two reasons. On the one hand to let their families at home know that they are doing well and on the other hand to get ideas for my programs. I wanted to convey to these men that they were fighting a war for the Jews, not to liberate the world, not to protect democracy; it was just for the Jews to continue their war against us and allied soldiers to help them destroy their own people. I went to hospitals and POW camps to meet these boys. I also spoke to the girls at home and tried to teach them the truth.

Most had been so brainwashed by Pearl Harbor and Hitler's declaration of war. They could not understand that there were deeper causes for both. They could not understand that American embargoes and other measures prompted the Japanese to attack, seeing no other alternatives. Hitler only declared war on the USA when we were already fighting openly at sea and in the air without provocation. Roosevelt made it clear once again that he hated Hitler and wanted to get rid of him; he was willing to break the law and act in secret to achieve this.

His wife was a communist spokesman before, during and long after the war. She waged a war against the ancient values of our forefathers.

I tried to get people to see these things, but most had their eyes closed too far and their minds turned off. Some listened and agreed, I learned later, so it wasn't all for nothing. I began to question people's morality when American planes dropped leaflets saying that the German people worked hard while the soldiers raped and committed crimes for Hitler. Another said the soldiers were fighting for a lost cause while their girls were being raped by party bosses and foreign workers. All of this should demoralize her.

It is an irony of fate that this did not happen on a large scale in Germany, but it did in England. I've met many Americans who have boasted about how many British women they've slept with, married or not. I got the feeling that the American army was full of whoremongers looking for sex everywhere they went. I prayed they wouldn't make it to Germany. There was some truth to the saying "Overpaid, overly horny... and unfortunately everywhere".



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If the English knew that their wives and girls were in bed with US soldiers every day, they would have stopped immediately. I've met a lot of women lately who have told me about all the dirty affairs that took place during the war while the boys were away and it proved me right. The notion of the greatest generation is a joke; our boys have been made into rapists and murderers while the girls have been made into whores. The truth is hard for them to take, but deep down they know it's true. They did all this because of the Jewish war they had to wage.

I digress but when I look back I get so angry at what was lost. The utterly senseless destruction I saw and the lies spread after the war.

The camps, the war crimes, the beginning of the war. All of this is close to me. I always think about what might have been if the war had never happened. Sometime in the future I pray that the truth will come out. People really need to see and understand that Germany wasn't the bad side, it was us.

[Mildred Gillars \(wikipedia\)](#)